## **HOUSE BILL No. 1856**

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: None (noncode).

**Synopsis:** Mold exposure standards. Directs the state department of health to make recommendations to the legislative council regarding toxic mold exposure limits. Creates an 11 member task force to participate in the development of the recommendations.

Effective: July 1, 2003.

## Hinkle

January 23, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health.





First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

## HOUSE BILL No. 1856

A BILL FOR AN ACT concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003] (a) As used in this
SECTION, "authoritative body" means any recognized national or
international entity with expertise in public health, mold
identification and remediation, or environmental health.
(h) As used in this SECTION "huilding" magns an anclosed

- (b) As used in this SECTION, "building" means an enclosed structure.
- (c) As used in this SECTION, "certified industrial hygienist" has the meaning set forth in IC 24-4-11-4.
- (d) As used in this SECTION, "code enforcement officer" means a local official responsible for enforcing housing codes and maintaining public safety in buildings.
- (e) As used in this SECTION, "mold" means any form of multicellular fungi that live on plant or animal matter in indoor environments. Types of mold include:
  - (1) cladosporium;
  - (2) penicillium;
- 17 **(3) alternaria**;
- 18 **(4) aspergillus;**

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1	(5) fuarim;
2	(6) trichoderma;
3	(7) memnoniella;
4	(8) mucor; and
5	(9) stachybotrys chartarum.
6	(f) The state department of health shall, not later than August
7	1, 2003, convene a task force to advise the state department on the
8	development of the recommendations required by subsection (g).
9	The task force consists of eleven (11) representatives appointed by
10	the governor as follows:
11	(1) A representative of public health officials.
12	(2) A representative of code enforcement officers.
13	(3) A representative of experts on the health effects of mold.
14	(4) A representative of medical experts.
15	(5) A representative of certified industrial hygienists.
16	(6) A representative of mold abatement experts.
17	(7) A representative of individuals affected by toxic mold.
18	(8) A representative of builders.
19	(9) A representative of realtors.
20	(10) A representative of rental property owners.
21	(11) A representative of multifamily rental property owners.
22	(g) The state department of health, in cooperation with the task
23	force convened under subsection (f), shall, not later than November
24	1, 2003, develop recommendations for:
25	(1) indoor mold exposure limits, including mold exposure
26	limits for:
27	(A) hospitals;
28	(B) nursing homes;
29	(C) child care facilities; and
30	(D) elementary and high schools; and
31	(2) mold identification guidelines for the recognition of mold,
32	water damage, or microbial volatile organic compounds in
33	indoor environments.
34	(h) In developing the recommendations required by subsection
35	(g), the state department of health and the task force shall:
36	(1) balance the protection of public health with technological
37	feasibility;
38	(2) use and include the latest scientific data or existing
39	standards adopted by authoritative bodies; and
40	(3) consider the following:
41	(A) The adverse health effects of exposure to mold upon:
42	(i) the general public;



1	(ii) infants;	
2	(iii) children who are less than six (6) years of age;	
3	(iv) pregnant women;	
4	(v) the elderly;	
5	(vi) asthmatics;	
6	(vii) individuals with allergies;	
7	(viii) immune comprised individuals; and	
8	(ix) individuals who are identified as being at a greater	
9	risk than the general population when exposed to mold.	
10	(B) The mold exposure standards adopted by authoritative	
11	bodies.	
12	(C) Toxicological studies and other scientific evidence that	
13	relates to mold.	
14	(i) Not later than December 1, 2003, the state department of	
15	health shall report the recommendations developed under	
16	subsection (g) to the legislative council.	
17	(j) A member of the task force is not entitled to the minimum	
18	salary per diem provided by IC 4-10-11-2.1(b). However, a	
19	member of the task force is entitled to reimbursement for traveling	
20	expenses as provided under IC 4-13-1-4 and for other expenses	
21	actually incurred in connection with the member's duties as	
22	provided in the state policies and procedures established by the	
23	Indiana department of administration and approved by the budget	
24	agency.	
25	(k) Funding for the task force shall be paid solely from the	
26	budget of the state department of health.	
27	(I) The state department of health shall provide staff and	
28	administrative support to the task force.	
29	(m) This SECTION expires December 31, 2003.	

